

**Amendments to the Claims:**

Please cancel claims 17-24 and 29-43 without disclaimer or prejudice to applicants' right to pursue the subject matters of these claims in the future.

Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §1.121(c), this listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Original) A method for determining whether an agent facilitates the conversion of a cytoplasmic polyadenylation element binding (CPEB) protein from its non-prion form to its prion form comprising the steps of:
  - (a) contacting a population of cells with the agent, each of which cells comprises (i) an expressible nucleic acid comprising a sequence encoding a reporter protein that is translationally repressed by a cytoplasmic polyadenylation element (CPE) and (ii) a CPEB protein in its nonprion form; and
  - (b) after a suitable period of time, determining whether the amount of reporter protein expressed in the presence of the agent is greater than the amount of reporter protein expressed in the absence of the agent, whereby greater reporter protein expression in the presence of the agent indicates that the agent facilitates the conversion of a CPEB protein from its non-prion form to its prion form.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the CPE comprises the following sequence:

5'GGAATTCGGCACCATGTGCTTCTGTAAATAGTGTATTGTGTTTTTAATGTTGGA  
CTGGTTGGAATAAAGCTCTAGAGC-3'.

3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the cell is a eukaryotic cell.
4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the cell is a yeast cell.
5. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the yeast cell is an *S. cerevisiae* cell.
6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the reporter protein is  $\beta$ -galactosidase.
7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the amount of  $\beta$ -galactosidase is determined by determining, in the presence of a chromogenic substrate for  $\beta$ -galactosidase, the intensity of color due to  $\beta$ -galactosidase activity within the population of cells.
8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the chromogenic substrate is 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl  $\beta$ -D-galactopyranoside.
9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the CPEB protein is endogenously expressed in the population of cells.
10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the population of cells is obtained from central nervous system tissue.
11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the population of cells is a population of neuronal cells.
12. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the population of cells is further contacted with a neurotransmitter prior to, concurrently with, or subsequent to contacting with the agent.

13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the neurotransmitter is serotonin.
14. (Original) A method for determining whether an agent facilitates the conversion of a cytoplasmic polyadenylation element binding (CPEB) protein from its prion form to its non-prion form comprising the steps of:
  - (a) contacting a population of cells with the agent, each of which cells comprises (i) a nucleic acid comprising a sequence encoding a reporter protein under the negative translational control of a cytoplasmic polyadenylation element (CPE) and (ii) a CPEB protein in its prion form; and
  - (b) after a suitable period of time, determining whether the amount of reporter protein expressed in the presence of the agent is lower than the amount of reporter protein expressed in the absence of the agent, wherein lower reporter protein expression in the presence of the agent indicates that the agent facilitates the conversion of a CPEB protein from its prion form to its non-prion form.
15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the CPE comprises the following sequence:

5' GGAATTCGGCACCATGTGCTTCTGTAAATAGTGTATTGTGTTTTTAATGTTGGA  
CTGGTTGGAATAAAGCTCTAGAGC-3'.
16. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the cell is a eukaryotic cell.
- 17-24. (Canceled)
25. (Original) A method for determining whether an agent facilitates the conversion of a cytoplasmic polyadenylation element binding (CPEB) protein from its

non-prion form to its prion form comprising the steps  
of:

- (a) contacting a population of CPEB protein with the agent, wherein a predetermined portion of the CPEB protein population is in its non-prion form; and
- (b) after a suitable period of time, determining whether the portion of the CPEB protein population in its prion form is greater in the presence of the agent than in the absence of the agent, whereby a greater portion of CPEB protein in its prion form in the presence of the agent indicates that the agent facilitates the conversion of CPEB protein from its non-prion form to its prion form.

26. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein determining the portion of the CPEB protein population in its prion form comprises determining the susceptibility of the CPEB protein to protease digestion.

27. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein determining the portion of the CPEB protein population in its prion form comprises determining the amount of CPEB protein aggregate collectable by centrifugation.

28. (Original) The method of claim 25, wherein determining the portion of the CPEB protein population in its prion form comprises determining the ability of CPEB protein to increase the expression of a protein that is translationally repressed by a CPE.

29-43. (Canceled)